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NO. 23.

Original Poetry.

CREATION'S EPISODE.

BY REV. JOSEPH WILSON.

As when the skillful architect had laid
The firm foundation—built the massive walls
And added all essential parts—reflects
Then carves the columns with Corinthian grace,
And throws a magic charm o'er all his work;
So God, when He had wisely made the earth,
And adorned it with trees and flow'rs superb,
And peopled it with man's noble living forms,
And made the man with His own image bless'd—
To wisely govern and enjoy the whole—
In council spoke,—"It is not good that man
Should be alone: I will make him a help,
To crown our work—creation beautiful,
And give to man a faithful helper meet."

The man—though bless'd in his sublime abode,
And having daily intercourse with God—
Still felt the need of one more like himself,
With whom to hold communion sweet and good.
With restless diligence he long had sought
Among the creatures, over which he ruled
With absolute control, a fitting friend;
But such found not, and therefore he resolv'd
At his next interview with his Lord retir'd—
To humbly ask for one as seem'd Him best.
At evening cool, the Holy One appear'd,
When, after homage paid, Adam thus spake:
"My gracious Lord, I see thou hast supplied
The beasts with loving mates, form'd like themselves,
Who walk with trusting friendship by their side;

Wilt Thou not wish me one bestow on me,
To share my joys and cheer my daily toil?
Yet not my will, but thine, O Lord, be done."
To this request the Holy One replied—
"Thy design—thy humble prayer—is heard—
I waited only for thy meek request:
I'll give thee better than thou hast conceiv'd.
Now lay thee down upon this mossy bank
And sleep; and thou shalt see what I will do."
Obeying with alacrity the word,
He laid him down, and straightway a deep sleep
Upon him fell, and as he slept he saw
(In heav'n's vision—beautiful and true)
His glorious Maker stand on his right side
A living rib, the nearest to the heart,
And in its place close to the flesh thereof
No pain this gave, but pleasure exultant.

With this—instinctive—his Lord retir'd
Within an orange grove, with blossoms deck'd;
Where He, with skill divine, perform'd His work.
At His command a lovely form stood up,
With heav'nly grace endow'd, and natural life:
The gently heaving bosom, the beating pulse,
And sparkling eye, proclaim'd that life is there.
Her Maker then inspired the Spirit's breath,
And she became a conscious, living soul.
Then straight her wond'ring and adoring gaze
Was bent on Him, the Holy One, her Lord;
Then on herself directing a brief glance,
And seeing she was in His image form'd,
On bended knee, she lov'd her God with head,
And in sweet accents pour'd her ardent thanks.
Taking her by the hand, her Maker said,
"Daughter, arise, and let us go and seek
The one from whom thou art—where loving life
And helpmeet faithful thou henceforth must be."
With modest blush and palpitating heart
She bow'd and yielded to the sweet command.
They went and found the sleeper in his sleep,
A joyful smile diffus'd o'er his fair face.
The Lord call'd "Adam," straight the sleeper
Sprang

Upon his feet and said—"Receive my thanks,
My gracious Lord," then fix'd his longing gaze
Upon his second self, as there she stood,
Then quickly took her unresisting hand;
"This now is home and flesh of mine," (he said)
For this shall man his faithful partner leave,
And to his wife in pure love shall cleave;
Doubling man's joys and halving all his woes;
Who thanks not God, for this celestial boon?

OUT OF WORK.

"It's no use, Maria, I have tried every-where."
"But you are not going to give up, Peter?"

"Give up! How can I help it? With-
in four days I have been to every book
bindery in the city, and not a bit of work
can I get."

"But have you tried anything else?"
"What else can I try?"

"Why anything that you can do."
"Yes, I've tried other things. I have
been to more than a dozen of my friends,
and offered to help them if they would
hire me."

"And what did you expect to do for
them?"

"I offered either to post their accounts,
make out bills, or attend to the counter."
Mrs. Stanwood smiled as her husband
thus spoke.

"What makes you smile?" he asked.
"To think that you should have imag-
ined that you would find work in such a
place. But how is Mark Leeds?"

"He is worse off than I am."
"How so?"

"He has nothing in his house to eat."
A shudder crept over his wife's frame
now.

"Why do you tremble, wife?"
"Because when we shall have eaten our
breakfast to-morrow morning, we shall
have nothing."

"What?" cried Peter Stanwood, half
starting from his chair. "Do you mean
that?"

"I do."
"Or our flour?"

"All gone. I baked the last this after-
noon!"

"But we have pork?"
"You ate the last this noon."
"Then we must starve!" groaned the
stricken man, starting across the room.

Peter Stanwood was a book-binder by
trade, and had now been out of employ-
ment about a month. He was one of
those who generally calculated to keep
about square with the world, and who con-
sider themselves particularly fortunate if
they keep out of debt. He was now thirty-
three years of age, and had three children to
provide for, besides himself and wife, and
this, together with house rent, was a heavy

draught upon his purse, even when work
was plenty, but now there was nothing.
"Maria," said he, stopping and gazing
his wife in the face, "we must starve. I
have not a single penny in the world."

"But do not despair, Peter. Try again
to-morrow for work. You may find some-
thing to do. Anything that is honest is
honorable. Should you make but a shil-
ling a day, we should not starve."

"But our house rent?"
"Trust to me for that. The landlord
shall not turn us out. If you will engage
to find something to do, I will see that
we have house room."

"I'll make one more trial," muttered
Peter despairingly.

"But you must go prepared to do any-
thing."
"Anything reasonable, Maria."

"What do you call reasonable?"
"Why—anything decent."

She felt inclined to smile, but the mat-
ter was too serious for that, and a cloud
passed over her face. She knew her hus-
band's disposition, and she felt sure he
would not find work. She knew that he
would look for some kind of work which
would not lower him in the social scale,
as he had once or twice expressed it. How-
ever she knew that it would be no use to
say anything to him now, and so she let
the matter pass.

On the following morning the last bit
of food in the house was put on the table.
Stanwood could hardly realize that he was
penurious and without food. For years he
had been gay, thoughtless and fortunate,
making the most of the present, forgetting
the past, and letting the future take care
of itself. Yet the truth was naked and
clear; and when he left the house, he said
something must be done.

No sooner had her husband gone, than
Mrs. Stanwood put on her bonnet and
shawl. Her oldest child was a girl eleven
years old, and her youngest four. She
asked her next door neighbor if she would
take care of the children until noon. These
children were known to be good and quiet
and they were taken cheerfully. Then
Mrs. Stanwood looked up her house and
went away. She returned at noon bring-
ing some dinner for her children, and then
went away again. She came home in the
evening before her husband, carrying a
heavy basket on her arm.

"Well, Peter," she asked, after her hus-
band had entered and sat down, "what
luck?"

"Nothing! nothing!" he groaned, "I
made out to get a dinner with an old chum,
but could not find work."

"And where have you looked to-day?"
"O—everywhere. I've been to a hun-
dred places, but it's the same story in
every place. It's nothing but one eternal
no, no, no! I'm sick and tired of it!"

"What have you offered to do?"
"Why, I even went so far as to tend a
liquor store down town."

"The wife smiled.
"Now what shall we do?" muttered Peter
spasmodically.

"Why, we will eat our supper first, and
talk the matter over."
"Supper! Have you got any?"

"Yes—plenty of it."
"But you told me you had none."

"Neither had we this morning, but
I've been after work to day, and found
some."

"You been after work?" uttered the
husband in surprise.

"Yes."
"But how—where—what?"

"Why, first I went to Mrs. Snow's. I
knew her girl was sick and I hoped she
might have work to be done. I went to
her and told her my story, and she set me
at once doing her washing. She gave me
food to bring home to my children, and
paid me three shillings when I got done."

"What, you were washing for our
butcher's wife?" said Peter, looking very
much surprised.

"Of course I have, and thereby earned
enough to keep us in food through to-
morrow, at any rate; so to-morrow you
may come home to dinner."

"But how about the rent?"
"O I have seen Mr. Simpson, told him
just how we were situated, and offered
him my watch as a pledge for the payment
of our rent within two months, with the
interest on all arrearsages up to that date. I
told him I did the business because you
were away hunting up work."

"So he's got your gold watch?"
"No—he wouldn't take it. He said if
I would become responsible for the rent,
he would let it rest."

"Then we've got a roof to cover us,
and food for to-morrow. But what next?"
—what a curse these hard times are!"

"Don't despair, Peter, for we shall not
starve. I've got work enough engaged to
keep us alive."

"Ah—what is that?"
"Why, Mr. Snow has engaged me to
carry small packages, baskets, bundles
and so forth to his rich customers. He
has had to give up one of his horses."

"What do you mean, Maria?"
"Just what I say. When Mr. Snow
came home to dinner, I was there, and
asked him if he ever had light articles
which he wished to send around to his
customers. Never mind that, he said—
He did happen to want just such work
done, though he had meant to call upon
the idlers that lounge about the market.
He promised to give me all the work he
could, and I'm to be there in good season,
in the morning."

"Well this is a pretty go. My wife
turning butcher's boy! You shall not do
any such thing."

"And why not?"
"Because—because—"

"Say because it will lower me in the
social scale."
"Well, so it will."

"Then it is more honorable to lie still
and starve, and see one's children starve,
too, than to earn honest bread by honest
work? I tell you Peter, if you cannot
find work, I must. We would have been
without bread to-night, had I not found
work to-day. You know that all kinds
of light, agreeable businesses are seized
upon by those who have particular friends,
and engaged in them. At such a time as
this, it is not for us to consider what kind
of work we will do, so long as it is honest.
Oh, give me the liberty of living upon my
own deserts, and the independence to be
governed by my own conviction of right."

"But, my wife, only think—you carry-
out butcher's stuff. Why, I would sooner
go to my self!"

"If you will go," said the wife with a
smile, "I will stay at home and take care
of the children."

It was hard for Peter Stanwood, but
the more he thought upon the matter the
more he saw the justice and right of the
path into which his wife had led him—
Before he went to bed he promised that
he would go to the butcher's the next
morning.

And Peter Stanwood went upon his
new business. Mr. Snow greeted him
warmly, praised his faithful wife, and
then sent him off with two baskets, one to
Mrs. Smith and the other to Mrs. Dix-
all. And the new carrier worked all day,
and when it came night he had earned
ninety-seven cents. It had been a day
of trials, but no one sneered at him, and
all his acquaintances whom he met greeted
him the same as usual. He was far hap-
pier now than he was when he went home
the night before, for now he was indepen-
dent.

On the next day he earned over a dol-
lar; and thus he continued to work for
a week, at the end of which he had five dol-
lars and seventy-five cents in his pocket,
besides having paid for all the food for his
family, save some pieces of meat Mrs. Snow
had given them. Saturday evening he
met Mark Leeds, another binder, who had
been discharged with himself. Leeds
looked careworn and rusty.

"How goes it?" asked Peter.
"Don't ask me," groaned Mark. "My
family are half starved."

"But can't you find anything to do?"
"Nothing."

"Have you tried?"
"Everywhere; but it's no use. I have
pawed all my clothes save those I have
on. I've been to the bindery to-day, and
what do you suppose he offered me?"

"What was it?"
"Why he offered to let me do his hand-
carting! He has just turned off his niger
for drunkenness, and offered me the
place! The old curmudgeon! I had a
great mind to pitch him into the hand-
cart, and run him to the—"

"Well," said Peter, "if I had been in
your place, I should have taken up with
the offer."

Mark mentioned the name of the same
individual again.

"Why," resumed Peter, "I have been
doing the work of a butcher's boy for a
whole week."

Mark was incredulous, but his compan-
ion convinced him, and then they separ-
ated, one going home happy and contented,
and the other going away from home to
find some sort of excitement in which to
drown his misery. One day Peter had a
basket of provisions to carry to Mr.
W—, his former employer. He took
the load upon his arm, and just as he was
entering the yard of the customer, he met
Mr. W— coming out.

"Ah, Stanwood, is this you?" asked
his old employer kindly.

"Yes, sir."
"What are you up to now?"
"I'm a butcher's boy, sir."

"A what?"
"You see I've brought provision for
you, sir, I'm a regular butcher's boy."

"And how long have you been at work
thus?"

"This is the tenth day."
"But don't it come hard?"

"Nothing comes hard as long as it is
honest, and will furnish my family with
bread."

"And how much can you make a day
at this?"

"Sometimes over a dollar, and some-
times not over fifty cents."

"Well look here, Stanwood, there has
been no less than a dozen of my old hands
hanging around my counting room for a
fortnight whining for work. They are
stout, able men, and they lie still because
I have no work for them. Last Saturday
I took pity on Leeds, and offered him the
job of doing my hand-carting. I told him
that I would give him a dollar and a quar-
ter a day; but he turned up his nose, and
asked me not to insult him! And yet he
owned that his family were suffering—
But do you come to my place to-morrow
morning, and you shall have something to
do, if it is only to hold your bench. I
honor you for your manly independence."

Peter grasped the old man's hand with
a joyous, grateful grip, and blessed him
fervently.

That night he gave Mr. Snow notice
that he must quit, and on the following
morning he went to the bindery. For
two days he had little to do, but on the
third day a heavy job came in, and Peter
Stanwood had steady work. He was hap-
py—more happy than ever, for he had
learned two things; first, that a noble
wife he had; and second—how much re-
source for good he held within his own
energies.

Our simple picture has two points to its
moral. One is—no man can be lowered
by any kind of honest labor. The sec-
ond—while you are enjoying the fruits of
the present, forget not to provide for the
future; for no man is so secure but that
the day may come when he will want the
sunderings of the past.

The Co-education of the Races.

What then would be the practical re-
sult, as respects education, of the so-call-
ed Civil Rights' Bill, as originally
introduced into Congress by Gen. But-
ler? Would it secure the co-educat-
ion of the races? Impossible! Would
education be facilitated in any way? It
would inevitably be destroyed, as a pub-
lic affair. Every State in the Union now
has a school system for both races sup-
ported at public expense. How long
would such a school system be maintained
in the fifteen ex-Slave States? Just as
long as would be required to go through
the forms of law needed to destroy it, and
no longer, except in those wretched states
where the negroes and their allies domi-
nate over the property therein. In those
States some sort of system would be main-
tained for the benefit of the negroes, or at
least money would ostensibly be raised for
the purpose. As to this being the practi-
cal result, there is no difference of opinion
among men acquainted with the state of
the case in these States. Everybody
knows it, black and white; and, there-
fore, the blacks do not desire mixed
schools, and the real friends of universal
education do not desire it, whatever may
be their political theories. There are now
more than a million and a half of children,
white and black, in the public schools of
the fifteen ex-Slave States. What would
be the subsequent reputation of any state-
man who would in passing a law, the
only practical effect of which would be to
turn these school children out of doors?

But what of the great future? Are we
forever to go on thus? There is no need
for us to solve social and economical prob-
lems for unborn generations. We have
our hands full with the present. Do not
let us spoil our work from the fear of set-
ting bad precedents. Our children will be
sufficiently progressive. The prejudices
which disturb us now will run their natu-
ral course, and, so far as they are merely
prejudices, will end. The tidal wave
which may be omnipotent in its pride,
sinks exhausted at last on the bosom of
the deep. Unquestionably the tendency
of mankind is toward the obliteration of
race-distinctions, and it is seen in the
brightest centers of civilization, as well as
among the lately secluded peoples of the
East. Some of the most cultivated Cauca-
sians have declared their preference for
a mixed society—or as an eloquent orator
expressed it, "for a rainbow of colors
on the social sky." And in the most
polished courts of Europe, not only has
the Turk, the Japanese, the Chinaman
and the Persian received the highest social
recognition, but the same has been accord-
ed to the despised African.

Hence, in arguing for the policy advoc-
ated in this paper, it is not done in ig-
norance of the tendencies of the race at
large, or with any vain expectation that
we can anchor here. Still less is there a
disposition to deny to the negro equality
before the law, or equal means of improve-
ment with the whites. Nor is there a
disposition to disparage the intellect of the
negro, or to discourage him in his aspira-
tions. Those who have chosen to trace
back the Ethiopian race into the remote
past, know that it too has had its heroic
age; in which it led the civilization of the
world. And those who have studied the
remote causes out of which have grown
the diversities in the human race, and the
influences which gradually depress or ele-
vate any particular race or class of men,
know that there is nothing in either the
history or the present condition of the
African race to preclude the idea, that in
the great future it may possibly (though
not probably) attain an equal rank in all
respects with the foremost of the other
races.

But the fullest admission of such facts
and possibilities as these does not affect
the truth of the declaration, that at least
during the present generation the attempt
to mix the white and colored races in the
schools of fifteen States of this Union, is
not only as impossible as to equalize soci-
ally the Brahmins and Pariahs of Hindoo-
stan, but if forcibly pressed, would de-
feat the general education of both races.

W. H. Ruffner, in Scribner's for May.

THE ORANGE GROVES OF CALIFORNIA.—
The orange groves are a magnificent sight
to behold just now, laden as they are with
their golden burdens—golden in seeming
and golden in reality. The harvest is
just commencing, and large quantities
are daily arriving at the depot to be ship-
ped to San Francisco and elsewhere. One
dealer in San Gabriel sold his orange crop
for \$30 per thousand. His orange grove
covers five acres, and contains 500 trees.
Estimating these at 1,000 each, the crop
is worth \$15,000. Three thousand dol-
lars an acre is a pretty good return for
their cultivation, and nearly all clear pro-
fit, for the crop was sold on the trees.—
One acre in Southern California can be
made to yield as great clear profit by
semi-tropical nut and fruit culture as 20
to 50 acres in the eastern States devoted
to ordinary kind of farming.

A young lady asked a gentleman if he
liked tea; he said he did, but liked the
next letter of the alphabet better.

Original Poetry.

Respectfully Inscribed to Hudson A. Wood, A. M., BY A FORMER PUPIL.

Adieu! my dear teacher, adieu!
We must pronounce farewell;
My choicest blessings rest on you
As heaven's soft descending dew,
Where'er your lot is dwell.

Although on earth we're called to part,
And we may meet no more,
Yet still in Jesus one in heart,
The thought removes grief's pointed dart
And heals my sorrows o'er.

I soon no more shall view your face,
Distance of land between;
Yet memory will your love retrace;
And bow me to the throne of grace
Where taught can intervene.

There where no mortal eye can view
The feelings of my breast,
There, dear teacher, I'll pray for you
With friendship's bond most pure and true,
Sincere though unexpressed.

Oh, may we each, long as we live,
The mystic union prove,
With Him who did so freely give
His life, by which we both receive
A plenitude of love.

Then each will join the blood-bought band
On Canaan's happy shore,
With crowns upon our heads, shall stand
Forever at our God's right hand,
And meet to part no more. A.

Danbury at the Court of St. James.

It is, I believe, no longer a secret that
the purpose of Mr. Bailey's visit to Eu-
rope is to restore harmony among the mem-
bers of the British royal family. The
trouble arises, it appears, from the fact
that the Princess of Wales and the Duch-
ess of Edinburgh each claims precedence
of the other, and when one enters the din-
ing-room before the other, or sits nearer
to the head of the table, the defeated
refuses to eat and goes up stairs and
lets down her back hair and screams.—
There is, therefore, not only grievous an-
noyance to the neighbors, who don't like
such howling, but grave danger that one
of the two lovely creatures will starve to
death. Victoria has tried to induce them
to behave, but in vain, and now Mr. Bai-
ley has gone over to see what can be done
about it. Immediately upon his arrival
in England he will go to Windsor Castle,
ring the front door-bell, and tell the hired
girl to ask the girls down into the parlor.
His general idea will be then to suggest
that the two shall be shot up through the
floor of the dining-room at the same mo-
ment, by means of a couple of stage traps,
and then be seated at a circular table. If
this is not accepted he will then suggest
that they shall take turns about, or draw
lots, or have their meals sent to their
rooms. If they prove intractable, his no-
tion is that he will write to the Czar ex-
plaining the matter to him, and insisting
upon his compelling his daughter to be-
have, and he will then advise Disraeli to
cut off the allowance of the girls until they
reform. Then he will bid them good-by,
and take his umbrella from the rack in the
entry and go home to dinner unless the
folk at the castle ask him to stay. It is
a high and holy mission, worthy of such
a philanthropist, and when he returns with
a glow in his heart and Victoria's annual
subscription to the *Naves* tied up in the
corner of his pocket-handkerchief he may
very justly feel that he has not lived in
vain.—*Max Adeler, in the Danbury News.*

Sam Houston Reprimanded.

The solemn farce of reprimanding a
man at the bar of the House as a punish-
ment for a breach of privileges of the body
was performed in the case of Sam Hous-
ton, Andrew Stevenson being the Speaker.
Houston had been charged by Stanberry,
a member from Ohio, with defrauding the
Government in some transaction with an
Indian tribe on the Tennessee border.
An investigation was requested, but Hous-
ton could get no satisfaction, and not willing
to rest under the imputation, he indicted
a severe chastisement with a cane in the
precincts of the Capitol. Houston was
arrested by the sergeant-at-arms, and there
was a long trial, resulting in the resolu-
tion that the offender should be reprimand-
ed by the Speaker. It was a curious
spectacle. Houston was at that time a
striking specimen of manly beauty. He
was in the prime of life, with more per-
sonal advantage than almost any man of
his time. He stood considerably above
six feet, with small hands and feet, and
every way finely proportioned. He was
dressed in faultless style when the sergent-
at-arms led him to the bar of the House.
He was perfectly self-possessed, easy and
graceful in manner, without swagger or
self-assertion, with the bearing of a man
who came there to pay his respects to the
House, especially to its presiding officer.
The galleries were crowded, and the mem-
bers, with the spectators, looked curiously
on. Speaker Stevenson was the only em-
barrassed person in the hall. He was a
large, fine-looking man of commanding
presence; but he was fidgety and uncom-
fortable, looking as if he expected Houston
to read him a lecture. In a hesitating
perturbed manner he told Houston that
the House had ordered him to be reprimand-
ed by its presiding officer, and he, the
Speaker, begged him to consider him-
self reprimanded. Houston bowed in a
graceful, dignified, and lordly way, a
broad grin spread over the House, and
there the matter ended. The Democrats
had a clear majority in Congress, and
Houston belonged to that party, but the
breach of privilege was too flagrant to be
overlooked. Still the dignity of the body
was not vindicated by the Speaker's reprimand.—*AN OLD STAGER, in Harper's Magazine for June.*

The Civil Rights Bill.

Section 1. That all citizens and other
persons within the jurisdiction of the Unit-
ed States shall be entitled to the full and
equal enjoyment of the accommodations,
advantages, facilities and privileges of
inns, public conveyances on land or water,
theatres and other places of public amuse-
ment, and also of common schools and
public institutions of learning or benevo-
lence supported in whole or in part by
general taxation, and of cemeteries so sup-
ported; and also the institutions known as
agricultural colleges endowed by the Unit-
ed States, subject only to the conditions
and limitations established by law, and
applicable alike to citizens of every race
and color, regardless of any previous con-
dition of servitude.

Section 2. That any person who shall
violate the foregoing section, by denying
to any person entitled to its benefits, ex-
cept for reasons by law applicable to citi-
zens of every race and color, and regard-
less of any previous condition of servitude,
the full enjoyment of any of the accommo-
dations, advantages, facilities, or privi-
leges in said section enumerated, or in-
fringing such denial, shall, for every such
offense, forfeit and pay the sum of \$500
to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recov-
ered in an action on the case, with full
costs, and shall also for every such offense
be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and,
upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
more than \$1,000, or shall be imprisoned
not more than one year.

Provided that the party aggrieved shall
not recover more than one penalty, and
when the offense is a refusal of burial, the
penalty may be recovered by the heirs-at-
law of the person whose body has been re-
fused burial. And provided, further, that
all persons may neglect to sue for the pen-
alty aforesaid, or to proceed under their
rights at common law and State statutes,
and having so neglected to proceed in the
one mode or the other, their right to pro-
ceed in the other jurisdiction shall be
barred. But this provision shall not ap-
ply to criminal proceedings either under
the act, or the criminal law of any State.

Section 3. That the District and Circuit
Courts of the United States shall have, ex-
clusive of the Courts of the several States,
cognizance of all crimes and offenses ag-
ainst the violations of the provisions of
this act, and actions for the penalty given
by the preceding section may be prosecuted
in the Territorial, District or Circuit
Courts of the United States, wherever the
defendant may be found, without regard
to the other party, and the District Attor-
neys, Marshals, and Deputy Marshals of
the United States and Commissioners ap-
pointed by the Circuit and Territorial
Courts of the United States, with powers
of arresting and imprisoning and bailing
offenders against the laws of the United
States, are hereby specially authorized
and required to institute proceedings
against every person who shall violate the
provisions of this act, and cause him to be
arrested and imprisoned or bailed, as
the case may be, for trial before such
Court of the United States or Territorial
Court as by law has cognizance of the of-
fense, except in respect of the right of ac-
cession accruing to the person aggrieved, and
such district attorneys shall cause such
proceedings to be prosecuted to their ter-
mination as in other cases; provided that
nothing contained in this section shall be
construed to deny or defeat any right of
civil action accruing to any person, wheth-
er by reason of this act or otherwise.

Section 4. That no citizen possessing
all other qualifications which are or may
be prescribed by law, shall be disqualified
for service as grand or petit juror in any
Court of the United States, or of any
State, on account of race or color, or pre-
vious condition of servitude; and any of-
ficer or other person charged with any
duty in the selection or summoning of ju-
rors, who shall exclude or fail to summon
any citizen for the cause aforesaid, shall
be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and
be fined not more than \$1,000.

Section 5. That all cases arising un-
der the provisions of this act in the Courts
of the United States shall be reviewable
by the Supreme Court of the United States
without regard to the sum in controversy,
under the same provisions and regulations
as are now provided by law for the review
of other cases in said Court.

THE VALUE OF COUNTRY WEEKLIES AS
ADVERTISING MEDIUMS.—There are small
country papers running along on a few
hundreds circulation—not reaching a thou-
sand—whose value as advertising medi-
ums could not be made up by two or three
thousands in the circulation of the larger
papers. They are the home fireside pa-
pers of the people; to be read and re-read
by

The Middletown Transcript

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY
Edward Reynolds.

TERMS—\$2.00 a year, payable in advance.
No paper discontinued until so ordered, except at
the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—Advertisements
of 10 lines or less will be inserted twice for \$1.00,
and 25 cents for each additional insertion. Busi-
ness cards, \$10 per year. One-quarter of a col-
umn, 3 months, \$5; 6 months, \$15; one year,
\$25. One-half of a column, 3 months, \$18; 6
months, \$30; one year, \$50. One column, one
year, \$100. Business Locals, 10 cents a line for
each insertion. Marriages and Deaths inserted
free. Obituaries charged for at regular adver-
tising rates.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 6, 1874.

Local and State Affairs.

Dr. Matlack on Biblical Wine.

In accordance with previous announcement,
Rev. Dr. Matlack delivered an address, in the
M. E. Church, on Sunday evening last, on the
above subject from the words, "Shall I leave my
wine, which cheereth God and man!"—Judges
ix. 13. A very large audience was in attendance,
manifesting the interest, as well as curiosity,
which is taken in the matter. The following
brief compend contains the pith and mo of it to the
strength of the argument:—

There is a wine which provoketh God and
curseth man. The wine of the text is another
kind. Both are named in the Bible. The differ-
ence is that between things hurtful and sinful, or
beneficial and innocent.

Of one, we read "The new wine is found in
the cluster. There is a blessing in it." Isa. lxxviii.
8. "The cluster thereof brought forth ripe
grapes. And I took the grapes and pressed them
into Pharaoh's cup." Gen. xl. 11. "Thy
presses shall burst with wine." Prov. xiii. 10.
"The mountains shall drop down new wine."
Joel. iii. 17.

Of the other it is said: "They have erred
through wine—Woe to them that are overcome
with wine—Look not on the wine—it stiteth
like a serpent—Be not with wine bibbers." Isa.
xlviii. 1, 7—Prov. xxiii. 20, 31.

Intoxicating wine was of necessity contrary to
the custom and character of Jewish feasts as di-
vinely appointed occasions of social worship.
Jewish Rabbis and Christian scholars testify to
the historic fact that in Christ's time fermented
wines were prohibited at the Passover.

The ritual of God for the Tabernacle and Temple
forbid all leaven. Fermented wine is leaven.
It was not allowed in the house, nor in all the
quarters, during Passover. Unfermented grape
juice was a common article, the best authorities
assure us, thousands of years ago, in the eastern
countries. The feast of Tabernacles was held
near the vintage, and grapes were brought to the
festival, and laid heaps on heaps, and called
wine. Fermented wine was neither allowable or
necessary.

The wine of the Last Supper—being the Pass-
over—was unfermented. The words Christ
used show that. "I will not drink henceforth
this (Hampelen) fruit of the vine" until I drink
it new, etc." The word Hampelen is never used
to signify intoxicating wine.

The law of the priesthood to which Christ was
subject forbade the use of intoxicating drink,
when on duty, under penalty of death. Lev. x.
9. Christ's priesthood was a perpetual routing
of official service, day and night, before God.—
He could not touch intoxicating wine and be
faithful.

Christ, as God, in the Bible forbids intoxicat-
ing wine, which he therefore could not furnish
for use, without self-contradiction—a violation of
his own law—a forfeiture of his integrity—the
surrender of his supreme authority—and the loss
of his Godhead. As all this is literally impossible
so it is absolutely inconceivable that he should
make intoxicating wine in Cana or anywhere
else.

The words of the governor shows that he did
not. (John ii. 10.) When he tasted the water
made wine, he said it was (Kalon) "good wine."
This was the name for fresh, pure, sweet unfer-
mented grape juice. Referring to another kind,
he calls it "that which is vinegar" (Elasso).—
That was the name for sour, vinegar like fer-
mented juice. A literal paraphrase of the passage
would be:

"Every man at the beginning doth set forth
fresh, sweet, unfermented grape juice—then, that
which is sour and fermented. But thou hast
kept the fresh, pure, sweet grape juice until
now."

Other wedding parties had two kinds of wine,
"good" and "worse." This party had the
good first and then that which was better than
good!

But for the presence of Jesus they would have
been drinking intoxicating wine. By his agency
his water-wine made this a temperance wedding
party.

The dying testimony of Christ is remarkable.
Roman executioners gave victims intoxicating
wine mingled with myrrh to stupefy them.—
Jesus tasted, tested it, and "received it not,"
prior to being nailed to the cross. He trod the
wine press of the wrath of God alone and with-
out stimulant. When all was over, he died,
"I thirst!" he cried, and then gave them his
lips with vinegar, and then let them wet his lips
with gall.

Such a high priest became so holy, harmless,
undefiled, separate from sinners. On the cross
he stood upon the threshold of the sanctuary.—
The Holy of Holies, in the heavens, awaited his
entrance into it. And, from the crushing agony
—from the closing prayer—from the dying in-
vocation—from the last expiring cry, the Great
High Priest passed the veil, true to his priestly
vow; true to his solemn pledge at the Last Su-
per and true to his own infinitely pure and per-
fect nature, Jesus died as he had lived, a total
abstinent from all intoxicating drinks, with
sweet breath, clear brain and spotless robes!

A Curiosity.

A young lady living not far from Middletown
came across a curiosity a few days ago in the
shape of an egg. It was an ordinary duck egg
but as large as a goose egg. When broken open
it was found to contain another egg, with shell
and all complete.

This attempt of the duck to lay double eggs,
or two eggs at once, is supposed to have been
made under fear caused by the criticism of
"Max Adler," on the nature and influence of
the statute passed by a late Massachusetts Leg-
islature to regulate the size and weight of eggs.

Another—Thomas Eliason, son of Mrs. J. H.
Scowdick, brought up to the office and showed
us, a few days ago, a small chicken with four
legs. Its legs were too many for it, however,
and it had collapsed under their weight and gone
where good chickens go. Really "Max Adler"
will have to stop or we won't know what to do
with the chickens after a while.

Odessa Items.

(From our Odessa Correspondent.)

The berry season will soon be upon us.
A pleasure party on a large scale went down
the bay last week.

Mr. D. S. Morgan has opened a shoe store in
connection with his work shop.
The ladies intend to hold a festival as soon as
the berries are sufficiently ripe.

Phoebe Adams was severely bitten in the arm
by a savage dog, a short time since.

Mr. Workman has removed his photograph
car from Fieldsborough to this place.

Mr. Wm. Rhodes has put up a slaughter-house
and intends to go into the butchering business.

Mr. Chas. Mailley has improved his property
by curbing and graveling the side walk in front.

E. T. Evans & Co. shipped, recently, 8000
bushels of grain through this and Black Bird
creeks.

Some improvements have been made to the M.
E. Church parsonage, adding considerably to its
appearance.

The old stump, the last vestige of ye ancient
willow trees which so long graced Broad street,
have at last been removed.

A great many sweet potato plants have been
put out this Spring. This will constitute a good
portion of the truck in this vicinity this year.

The Young People's prayer meeting has been
discontinued on account of conflicting with the
church hours. It will be continued in the Fall.

The peach "lice" are making a havoc
among the nursery trees, but another insect (a
parasite) has appeared which, we hope, will put
a speedy cure to their ravages.

A game of base ball was played on Monday
afternoon between a club from Middletown and
the "Rustics" of this place, which resulted in a
score of 17 to 40 in favor of the latter club.

Quite a number of improvements have been
made this Spring. Mr. Hyatt has made a de-
cided improvement in his store by repairing, pa-
pering, etc., yet he still retains his "mince pie"
sign, and has no "checks."

The present Spring term of the Academy closed
Friday, June 6th, and this terminates here the
labors of the present principal and his wife, who
have been connected with the institution for the
past six years. The grand finale will be a pic-
nic of the school next Wednesday, June 10, near
the head of the Sassafus River, Md. On this
occasion the present teachers will take final leave
of their scholars. A cordial invitation has been
extended to former pupils who have been in at-
tendance under the present instructors. The
teachers desire to meet at this picnic as many of
their former pupils as possible, where a pleasant
time may be anticipated.

The principal and wife, in closing their labors
here where they have spent so many years
fraught with pleasant memories and associa-
tions, desire to extend to the community at large
their grateful appreciation of the kindness and
hospitality that have always been shown them.

The school has received a very liberal patronage,
and to all patrons we extend our hearty thanks.
The Principal trusts that he has not labored in
vain for a higher standard of scholarship and
the moral improvement of the children placed
under his care. The best wishes of all the teach-
ers will attend the future prosperity of the in-
stitution. In taking leave of our many pupils,
to whom we have become greatly attached, our
minds are affected with feelings of sadness. May
God bless you all, and as in future years you
will be held in grateful remembrance by your
former instructors, so may they linger in your
minds a kind remembrance of those who now
bid you adieu. HENSON A. WOOD, A. M.

50 shares of Citizens' National Bank Stock
changed owners this week at \$56 per share.

The State Journal complains that the White
Clay Creek Democrats didn't adopt a resolution
about increased representation for this county.

The steamer *Ella Garrett*, of Baltimore, ran
against a sunken wreck in the Delaware river
near Edgemore, last Friday week, and was sunk.

Charles Wirt, a Wilmington police officer, was
accidentally drowned in the Christina river, last
Saturday morning, by the capsizing of his boat
while fishing.

A fellow named John Dougherty was arrested
last Monday on the charge of inciting boys to
fight on Sunday afternoon, and also for indulg-
ing in the same luxury himself with one Wm.
Dugan.

The report of the City Surveyor, of Wilming-
ton shows a "heavy falling off" in the number
of projected buildings, owing, it is thought, to
the "hard times." The decrease as compared
with last year is 60 buildings.

The capture of the "Bank Burglars" hasn't
stopped the practice of the light fingered pro-
fession in Wilmington altogether. A fellow boldly
entered a boarding house, No. 603 Market St., at
noon, Monday, frightened a lady into a fit, and
then coolly prepared to rob the house, but was
forced to leave without getting anything, and
leaving some keys behind him.

Cheapsake and Delaware Canal.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this
company was held at Philadelphia, on Monday.
The report of the directors exhibited the follow-
ing statistics, which will be read with interest as
showing the financial condition of the company
since the flood of last Summer—Receipts,
\$441,905 16; expenditures, \$363,875 37; cash on
hand, \$78,031 10; less five months' accrued in-
terest, \$9,842 08; balance, \$28,188 08. A resolu-
tion that no cash dividend be declared at this
time was adopted, after which officers were elec-
ted for the ensuing year as follows: President,
Andrew C. Gray; Directors, George Cadwalader,
Joseph Jones, Wm. Harmer, H. Pratt, Wm. Keane,
J. R. Gilpin, Thomas A. Bidelle, I. V. Williams,
Isaac Ford, Chas. H. Hutchinson, Edwin
Swift, David Seall, Mahlon P. Hutchinson, John
R. Baker and Chas. Duthie.

Negro Riot.

A number of negroes amused themselves with
a kind of a general free fight, on North Broad St.,
between twelve and one o'clock, last Satur-
day night. Excited, doubtless, by unlicensed
rum, and, probably by a lively appreciation of
the new Civil Rights which the United States
Senate has sought to confer upon them, they
indulged in the innocent pastime of hurling sticks,
bats, stones, etc., at each other, filling the mid-
night air, at the same time, with loud yells and
the most disgusting profanity. A number of
pistol shots were fired, and one of the rioters was
struck in the mouth. Unfortunately, at this time,
we are without a town officer, hence the negroes
got up free fights, crowd upon the street corners,
and commit other outrages at their option.

Concert at New Castle.

The parlor concert, of which we have spoken
in this correspondence, took place, as advertised,
on Monday evening, at the residence of James M.
Johns, Esq. The night was clear and beautiful,
and the temperature delightful. Only one hun-
dred tickets had been provided, and nearly all
were sold. By 8 o'clock the parlors were filled
by a refined and cultivated audience, chiefly
ladies. The programme consisted of 21 pieces,
instrumental (piano, violin and flute) and vocal,
solos, duets, trios and quartets, selected with
great judgment and taste. To say that the en-
tertainment was creditable to the performers and
pleasing to the audience is but simple truth, the
evidence of which is the fact that the latter so
far from being fatigued by two hours sitting and
silence, remained seated, without an exception,
after the programme was concluded, and asked
for a repetition of several songs. More than that
—two gentlemen from Philadelphia who assisted
our amateurs, and who have repeatedly played
in concerts in that city, pronounced this concert
"first-class" and begged that the company
would consent to repeat it in a town in Penn-
sylvania, they agreeing to bear all the expenses.—
We are told that the receipts will reach nearly
\$50, and that in that regard the expectations of
the most sanguine were more than realized.—
Correspondence of Every Evening.

Dover Matters.

(From the State Sentinel.)

THE STATE HOUSE.—The scaffolding has been
taken down from the State House and the paint-
ers are at work on the outside walls. They are
to give it four coats of paint. The color is light
brown with dark trimmings.

Fisher & Bookman, the contractors, have com-
menced work on the New Court House. They
have a number of hands and teams employed in
digging the cellar, which is to extend under the
whole building and be 8 feet deep.

THE INSURANCE BUILDING.—The Directors of the
Fire Insurance Company, at their meeting on last
Tuesday, decided to build a house with only two
stories and one store-room under it, instead of
two, as was at first suggested.

Two ladies of our town one day last week vi-
sited Smyrna Landing. The horse, which was
gentle enough, was driven or led under a tree,
the top of the carriage came off and the ladies
came home without their supper. Price, \$15.

The Wilmington papers coolly and calmly, in
whole or in part, appropriate as their own local
items and then invite the attention of their
readers to the liberality and enterprise of the
Wilmington press. Some people have klepto-
mania without knowing it.—*Dilmanean.*

"I Pledge Thee, My Troth."

We sat beneath the Linden Tree,
When the day was slowly dying,
And listened to the gentle breeze,
That 'midst the leaves was sighing,
I asked her to be mine, she said:
"I will!" and wait for no-thing,
If you will go to Tower Hall,
And buy your wedding clothing.

She wanted him to look nice, and that is just
what every one does who dresses in the elegant
garments which are being sold at such low
prices by BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, 518
Market St., half-way between Fifth and Sixth
Sts., Phila.

Democratic County Convention.

We hope our Democratic friends will not for-
get the County Convention which meets at New
Castle to-day. A free train will be run from
Wilmington, and it is expected that the meeting
will be a large one. A general turnout of the
Democracy and a big demonstration at this Con-
vention will doubtless have a great effect on the
campaign.

Minor Topics.

The workmen at the Battery and on Fort De-
laure, who have not been naturalized, have
been obliged to get their naturalization papers
or be destroyed. "Civil Service Reform."

FENCE SOLD.—At the regular meeting of the
Building and Loan Association on Thursday
night, funds sold at 14 per cent. premium.

Jackson Bryant, of the National Hotel, lost a
valuable horse, by death, a few days ago.

Maryland Affairs.

The Queen Anne's and Kent railroad is adver-
tised to be sold at Centerville on the 14th of July
next.

On Saturday week a dwelling belonging to
Mr. J. O. Dugan, of Baltimore, in Chestertown,
Kent county, was destroyed by fire. Estimated
value of the building \$500.

Mr. Joseph Graham, of Easton, Talbot county,
has an Alsepheny cow, from the milk of which
over twelve pounds of butter per week is made.
That is a good worthy having.

Mr. Amos K. Herr has sold three hundred and
twenty-six acres of his farm, including the dwell-
ing, a large barn and other improvements, near
Boonville, Caroline county, to Mr. A. B. Max-
win, of Louisville, Ky., for \$9,000.

Thomas Powell, an industrious laboring man,
whilst driving a heavily loaded wagon, a few
miles from Berlin, Worcester county, on Satur-
day, fell down before the wheels of the wagon,
both of which passed over his body, killing him
instantly. Deceased was about thirty-two years
of age, and leaves a wife and two children.

The stockholders of the Worcester county
railroad have elected the following officers:
President, George W. Bishop; Directors, Hon.
J. R. Franklin, Hon. E. K. Wilson, G. W. Cov-
ington, Thomas D. Purnell, Whittington Jones,
R. S. Todd, George C. Townsend, W. H. W.
Farrow, Irving Spence, James R. Purnell, P. D.
Cotttingham and George W. Purnell, Esqs.

FOUR GUIN.—The trial of Ernest Smith,
colored, indicted for committing a rape on Miss
Kate Bartlett, white, at Trappe district, Talbot
county, Md., on Sunday, the 10th of April last,
was commenced in the circuit court at Easton on
Saturday week, and created considerable excite-
ment in the county, the court house being crowd-
ed. A great many talesmen were summoned be-
fore a jury was obtained. The trial was contin-
ued up to Tuesday of last week, when at its
close a verdict of guilty was rendered. Smith is
about eighteen years of age, and has a bad rep-
utation.—*Eastern Journal.*

SAD ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, Morris
Dunbar, 14 years of age, son of William Dunbar,
of this town, was thrown from a horse, and his
head striking the flagstone crossing in front of the
Old Fellows' Hall, his skull was fractured, and
he died in the evening. The little fellow had
mounted the horse in the hotel yard with only a
halter on him, and as he rode out the gate, a
colored boy, Dick Hutchinson, struck the horse
and made him jump. The result of this thought-
less folly was the death of a promising boy,
bringing a terrible sorrow upon a father and
mother.—*Elton D. Moore.*

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY E. T. EVANS & CO.
Wheat, white, 1 1/2 @ 1 3/4
Corn, white, 74 @ 75
" Yellow, 72 @ 73
Oats, 58 @ 59
Timothy Seed, 4 50
Clover, 7 25
Beans, 10 00

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. M. REYNOLDS.
Eggs, 20 @ 21
Butter, 24 @ 25
Potatoes, 1 00 @ 1 25
Chickens, dressed, 14 @ 15
Turkeys, dressed, 13 @ 15
Geese, 7 @ 8
Ducks, 12 @ 14

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Prime red wheat, \$1.55 @ 1.60
Corn, yellow, 66 @ 68
Oats (Pennsylvania), 56 @ 58
Cloverseed, 9 @ 10 1/2
Timothy, 2 75

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

Wheat, good to amber, \$1.70 @ 1.78
Corn, white, 90 @ 95
Corn, yellow, 81 @ 82
Oats, Southern, 68 @ 75
Rye, 1 10 @ 1 12

Business Locals.

AGUE CONQUEROR.

NO QUININE, ARSENIC OR POISONS.
This is strong language, as physicians and
chemists have for years tried to compound a
preparation that would entirely cure Fever and
Ague without the use of strong medicines such
as quinine, arsenic and other poisons injurious to
the system. There is no case of Fever and Ague,
intermittent or Bilious Fever, Congestive Chills,
Night Sweats, Liver Complaints, &c., that the
"Ague Conqueror" will not cure at once and
permanently. It purifies the blood, liver, spleen
and all secretory organs so effectually that the
Chills will not return during the season when
persons have had them for years. Sold by
all Druggists.

Highest cash prices paid for WOOL by J. C.
Naudain, for account of Jos. Ringgold & Co.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE LADIES.

S. M. Reynolds, having taken the sole agency
for the Bazar Glove-Fitting Patterns, has just re-
ceived from New York one thousand latest style
patterns in Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Dresses. Call and get a catalogue showing the
different styles.

Judgment Bonds, Notes and other Legal Blanks
to be had on application at the Transcript Of-
fice.

Try William Penn Stove Coal, for sale by
S. A. WHITLOCK & CO.

The celebrated Bay State Shawl at \$2.50, less
10 per cent. for cash. Price last year, \$4.50.
S. M. REYNOLDS.

Ladies, call at S. M. Reynolds and see the
new Grey Deigue for Spring suits, price 31 to
50 cts. per yard. Black Alpaca at 31, 40, 45,
50, 60 and 75 cents per yard.

Labels for books, packages, boxes, &c., print-
ed on fine gummed paper, can be had at the office
of the TRANSCRIPT.

Just received, direct from the factories, ladies',
misses' and children's Button and Lace Lining,
Kid and Turkey Morocco Shoes in great variety.
S. M. REYNOLDS.

Gents' and Ladies' Kid and Dogskin Driving
Gloves. Also, one hundred pair dark shades of
Ladies' Kid Gloves, closing out at 75 cents per
pair, at S. M. REYNOLDS.

New lot of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings,
Zephyrs and Germantown Wools, at
S. M. REYNOLDS.

Coates' and Clark's Spool Cotton, at 7 cents.
G. & D. Spool Cotton at 5 cents per spool, at
S. M. REYNOLDS.

Pure fresh Congress Water, direct from Sara-
toga Springs, at S. M. REYNOLDS.

A fine Black Tea at 50 cts. per lb.; a good Im-
perial Green Tea at \$1 per lb., at
S. M. REYNOLDS.

Business Cards, Letter and Bill Heads are
printed at the Transcript office as neatly and
cheaply as can be done elsewhere.

Mackerel, Herring, Smoked Ham, Beef, Sides,
and Shoulders, Mess Pork, Lamb, Canned
Goods, &c. S. M. REYNOLDS.

2000 lbs. of Rock Salt in store and for sale by
S. M. REYNOLDS.

Special Notices.

TAPE WORM.

Tape Worm removed in from 2 to 3 hours with
harmless vegetable medicine. The worm pass-
ing from the system alive. No fee asked until
the entire worm, with head pinned, Medicine
harmless, can refer those afflicted to the residents
of this city whom I have cured. At my office can
be seen hundreds of specimens, measuring from
40 to 100 feet in length. Fifty per cent. of cases
of Dyspepsia and disorganizations of Liver are
caused by stomach and other worms existing in
the alimentary canal. Worms, a disease of the
most dangerous character, are so little under-
stood by the medical men of the present day. Call
and see the original and only worm destroyer,
or send for a circular which will give a full de-
scription and treatment of all kinds of worms.—
E. S. 3 cent stamp for return of the same. Dr.
E. Kunkel will answer by mail. DR. E. F. KUNKEL,
No. 229 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. (Ad-
vice at office or by mail, free.) Seat, Pin and
Stomach worms also removed.

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ing from the system alive. No fee asked until
the entire worm, with head pinned, Medicine
harmless, can refer those afflicted to the residents
of this city whom I have cured. At my office can
be seen hundreds of specimens, measuring from
40 to 100 feet in length. Fifty per cent. of cases
of Dyspepsia and disorganizations of Liver are
caused by stomach and other worms existing in
the alimentary canal. Worms, a disease of the
most dangerous character, are so little under-
stood by the medical men of the present day. Call
and see the original and only worm destroyer,
or send for a circular which will give a full de-
scription and treatment of all kinds of worms.—
E. S. 3 cent stamp for return of the same. Dr.
E. Kunkel will answer by mail. DR. E. F. KUNKEL,
No. 229 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. (Ad-
vice at office or by mail, free.) Seat, Pin and
Stomach worms also removed.

TAPE WORM.

Tape Worm removed in from 2 to 3 hours with
harmless vegetable medicine. The worm pass-
ing from the system alive. No fee asked until
the entire worm, with head pinned, Medicine
harmless, can refer those afflicted to the residents
of this city whom I have cured. At my office can
be seen hundreds of specimens, measuring from
40 to 100 feet in length. Fifty per cent. of cases
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Stomach worms also removed.

TAPE WORM.

Tape Worm removed in from 2 to 3 hours with
harmless vegetable medicine. The worm pass-
ing from the

Professional.
JOHN A. REYNOLDS,
Notary Public,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
J. M. BARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.
Jan 17-3ms.
G. W. CRUIKSHANK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ELKTON, MARYLAND.
Will give prompt and careful attention to all law or chancery business entrusted to him.
mar 14-3mos
DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,
DENTIST,
906 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Office Hours: { From 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
2 1/2 p. m. to 6.
apr 11-ly

D. J. BLACKISTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Chestertown, Md.
Will give prompt attention to any business entrusted to his care. Collections promptly made and real estate bought and sold.
[apr 11-ly
DR. THOS. H. GILPIN,
DENTIST,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
Feb 14-ly.

REYNOLDS & CO.,
No. 915 Market Street,
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.
Conveyancers, Surveyors, Real Estate Agents,
Collectors of Accounts, Bills, &c.
Houses and Lands rented, and rents collected;
Loans negotiated; Titles examined; Deeds,
Bonds, Mortgages, and other legal papers care-
fully drawn, and supervised by counsel perma-
nently retained. Correspondence solicited.
Reference furnished.
REYNOLDS & CO.,
No. 915 MARKET STREET,
Wilmington, Del.
Jan 11-6mos

J. THOMAS BUDD,
Conveyancer and Real Estate Agent,
OFFICE-4N TRANSFERT BUILDING,
S. Broad St., near Main, Middletown, Delaware.
A large lot of
VALUABLE FARMS
AND TOWN PROPERTIES
In all parts of Virginia, Maryland, Delaware,
Pennsylvania, and New Jersey.
Call and examine.
Correspondence by mail solicited.

REFERS BY PERMISSION TO
Gen. Robert Patterson, 2d below Chestnut St.
Philadelphia.
John C. Baillet, Attorney at Law, South 3d
street, Phila.
Hon. R. C. Holiday, Sec. of State, Annapo-
lis, Md.
W. B. Bergholz, Memphis & El Paso Pacific
Railroad, N. Y.
R. Atkinson, Banker, 61 Broad St. N. Y.
Hon. Richard Schell, 50 Wall " "
Col. Blanton Duncan, Louisville, Ky.
may 2-ly

Hotels, &c.
NATIONAL HOTEL,
Opposite R. R. Depot,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

HAVING taken the above well-known house,
I am prepared to accommodate my friends
and the public generally in first-class style and
at reasonable rates.
The Bar will always be supplied with the
choicest Wines, Liquors and Segars.
Patrons solicited. **JACKSON BRIANT,**
Proprietor,
Formerly of Davis' Hotel, Phila.
Oct 11-6m

NEW HOTEL
At Townsend, Del.
TOWNSEND HOUSE,
OPEN June 1st, 1872, will accommodate the
travelling public and permanent boarders
at very reasonable rates. The bar will at all
times be stocked with choice wines, liquors, To-
bacco and Segars. Fine oysters in season.
Hoping by strict attention to business to merit a
liberal share of the public patronage generally.
JAMES C. TOWNSEND,
Proprietor.
June 9-ly.

Wool! Wool! Wool!
THE highest market price will be
paid for Wool, either in large or
small quantities, delivered as fol-
lows:
Dunwo's Hotel, Kennedyville, Md. on Mondays.
Jno. M. Ford's, Manassas, Md., Tuesdays and
Wednesdays.
Joe. Biggs', near Cecilton, Md., Thursdays.
L. P. McDowell's, Middletown, Del., Fridays
and Saturdays.
GREEN & McDOWELL,
may 16-2t

NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that application has
been made for the renewal of a Certificate,
No. 81, for sixteen shares of the capital stock of the
Citizens' National Bank of Middletown, Dela-
ware, standing in the name of Curtis Cordray
and Lewis T. Roberts, Administrators of John
Walston, deceased, the same having been lost or
misplaced.
L. T. ROBERTS,
Surviving Administrator
of John Walston, dec'd.
may 23-3t.

HOT BED PLANTS.
FOR SALE—a superior lot of Hot Bed Plants
of all varieties, transplanted in cold frames,
and now ready for use, including 100,000 Sweet
Pea plants, of extra quality. Apply to
GEORGE LOVING,
T. C. MURPHY,
Home Place.
may 23-4f

Dry Goods and Groceries.
To the Public.
THE subscriber would call the attention of
the public to his
Large and Well-Selected Stock of
GOODS,
Consisting in part of
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS,
Shoes, Hats, Hardware,
Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Earthen
and Stone Ware.
FISH, MEATS, &c.
And everything usually kept in a
FIRST CLASS COUNTRY STORE,
All of which have been selected with
care, and will be
SOLD AT PRICES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TIMES.
Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere
NO CHARGE
FOR SHOWING GOODS.
Charles Tatman Jr.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
apr. 9-1f

NOVITE J. F. ELIAS
COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EX-
CHANGE FOR PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.
VERY LOW. GIVE US A CALL BE-
FORE WE CAN BE SOLD
WITH CARE, AND WILL BE SOLD
OF WHICH HAVE BEEN SELECTED
FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY STORE ALL
KINDS OF FRESH MEATS, BUTTER,
EGGS, AND ALL KINDS OF DRY
GOODS, AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF
HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, AND
MIDDLETOWN, APRIL 23-1f

**TO THE PEOPLE OF MIDDLE-
TOWN AND VICINITY.**
M. L. HARDCASTLE,
WITH
S. R. STEPHENS & CO.,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.
NEW SPRING & SUMMER STOCK
AT CASH PRICES.
Dress Goods of various styles at a discount of 15
per cent. from cash prices. Alpaca, Reys,
Delaines, &c. Gentlemen's Wear,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
And Satinets, all-wool and cotton-warp Kerseys
from 45 to 90 cents per yard.
Blankets, Comfortables, Coverlids,
Lap Robes, Horse Covers, Home-made Ker-
sey Suits, men's and boys' Overcoats and
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Gum Overcoats,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,
Gum Boots, Overshoes and Arctics, men's Fur
Gloves, Caps and Capes, Ladies' Sable and Er-
mine Muffs,
CARPETS.
All-wool Ingrain Cottage, Stair and Hemp Car-
pets from 25 to 90 cts. per yard. Oil Cloth Suits,
Buck Gauntlets, Gloves, and Mitts.
GUNS, PISTOLS AND CARTRIDGES,
Wads, Tubes, Shrews, Rod Heads, Washrads,
Ramrods, Flasks, and Shot Pouches.
Duyers will please call and examine our goods
as we are determined to sell CHEAP.
Nov. 29-1f.

THE CELEBRATED
PARAGON
SHIRT.
Send for self-measurement circular.
J. P. DOUGHTEN,
may 29-4f 410 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

Professional.
JOHN A. REYNOLDS,
Notary Public,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
J. M. BARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.
Jan 17-3ms.
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Will give prompt and careful attention to all law or chancery business entrusted to him.
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Will give prompt attention to any business entrusted to his care. Collections promptly made and real estate bought and sold.
[apr 11-ly
DR. THOS. H. GILPIN,
DENTIST,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
Feb 14-ly.

Business Cards.
OLD BANK.
I am now ready for Biz
HAVING taken the entire premises on the
corner of Main and Broad Sts., I have fit-
ted up a Ladies' and Gentlemen's
ICE CREAM SALOON,
on the ground floor. No more climbing up stairs;
but a nice cool and pleasant room. Ice cream
furnished for parties and picnics, in large or
small quantities, on reasonable terms. Families
supplied with small cans, packed in ice.
All kinds of plain and fancy CAKES, foreign
and domestic Fruits; Berries in season; in fact
you can get anything at Rice's Old Bank that is
generally kept in a
Confectionery Store,
And more too.
MINERAL WATER FOUNTAIN
will soon be in operation. Ice for sale.
may 9-y
E. B. RICE.

To the Public.
TAKE notice that the undersigned, from this
date, will have constantly on hand, at her
Store on Main street, Middletown, Delaware,
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES.
Sliced Ham and Chipped Beef.
Also, everything in the Vegetable line in season.
Hoping to share a part of public patronage, I
shall do all I possibly can to please.
MRS. A. T. BRADLEY.
N. B.—Cash paid for butter and eggs.
march 21-ly.

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
Main Street, next door to National Hotel
Middletown, Delaware
CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and
promptly repaired.
Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches,
Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin
Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea
Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-
Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch
Mains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch
Chains, &c.
AGENT FOR
DEVINNY'S SPECTACLES.
Dec. 12-1f.

BLACKSMITHING.
THE undersigned hereby gives notice to the
citizens of Middletown and vicinity, and to
his old friends and customers, that he has re-
moved from Fieldstone to Middletown, and taken
the shops formerly occupied by John C. Yand-
brook, where he will carry on the Blacksmith
business in all its branches.
HORSE-SHOING
Will be done in a most particular and careful
manner, and from long experience he feels as-
sured that he can give complete satisfaction.
CULTIVATOR TEETH
Made a specialty, and from the well-known and
wide-spread reputation which he has long en-
joyed for their manufacture, he hopes to merit
the patronage of the farmers for these articles.
He will also manufacture to order the popular
LIND HOLE. Call and learn prices.
Respectfully,
mar 28-3mos
JOHN LIND.

SEWELL GREEN,
WITH
ENTWISLE & CO.,
GENERAL
Produce Commission Merchants,
Fruits, Poultry, Game, &c.
296 and 298 Greenwich St.,
And 173 Chambers Street,
NEW YORK.
Ed. ENTWISLE. N. VALENTINE.
Reference: North River Bank, New York.
feb 28-4f.

COCHRAN, NIX & CO.,
WHOLESALE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
IN
FRUITS AND PRODUCE,
NO. 90 PARK PLACE, N. Y.
Poultry for Christmas and New Year a Special-
ity. In order to secure prompt sales of the
poultry we should receive it at least three days
prior to each holiday.
Consignments solicited. Dec 13-ly.

W. H. JANSEN,
WITH
JAS. WICKHAM & SON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Fruit a Specialty.
No. 182 Reade street and 5 Erie Buildings, N. Y.
JAMES WICKHAM. WILBUR N. WICKHAM.
Reference—John Castree, Esq., Pres. Irving Na-
tional Bank, New York City. [may 2-3m

HILT & LUNING,
IMPORTERS & DEALERS IN WALL PAPERS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Lambrequins, Cornices, Curtain & Picture Loups,
Tassels, Bands, &c.
406 and 408 Arch Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Paper and Shades hung by competent work-
men in city or country. N. B.—Store Shades
made to order. [apr 11-3m

SEWING MACHINES!
Buy the Best,
The Light Running Domestic
TWENTY PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.
Sewing machines repaired—charges reasonable.
CHAS. E. CLAYTON,
may 23-1m.
Middletown, Del.

Business Cards.
FURNITURE.
UNDERTAKING.
UPHOLSTERING.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the
citizens of Middletown and vicinity that he
has on hand a large and well selected
stock of handsome and durable
Walnut and Other Furniture,
which he will sell very cheap for cash. Buying
at wholesale cash rates he feels assured that he
can sell as low as the same goods can be bought
elsewhere. By buying of him purchasers will be
saved the freight on their goods from the city.
He is also prepared to attend to
Undertaking Work
at short notice, and in a manner excelled by
none. Persons wishing Metallic or Wooden Cas-
kets or Cases will find it to their advantage to
call on him. He has, also,
TAYLOR & SON'S
Celebrated Corpse Preserver.
The Corpses may be dressed in the finest fabrics
and not be soiled, (and can be seen at all times)
as nothing but dry cold air enters the Casket.
GEORGE W. WILSON,
Practical Cabinet Maker and Undertaker,
Feb 1-12m Middletown Del

MARKET HOUSE.
The undersigned would respectfully announce
to the public and the citizens of Middletown par-
ticularly that he has taken the store-house on
North Broad street, Middletown, Del., formerly
occupied by David W. Eliason, having bought
out his interest, where I will keep always on hand
a well-selected stock of choice Groceries, Fruits,
and Provisions, as well as a full supply of fresh
Vegetables. Also, Fresh and Salt Meat, sliced, at
all times. I will also keep an assortment of the
VERY BEST GROCERIES,
at very low prices. My stock will consist of the
very best articles that the market can afford, and
will give entire satisfaction to the most fastidious
palate. I will keep on hand a supply of Sauces
of all kinds, viz: Ketchup, Celery, Horse-Radish,
Canned Fruits of all kinds at low prices. Call
and see and you will be satisfied. All kinds of
Produce bought and satisfaction guaranteed. I
will also buy all kinds of Poultry at market prices
for cash, and it will be to the interest of all to
call on me before selling or purchasing else-
where. Goods delivered free of charge.
Oct 11-ly
S. S. HOLTEN.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved CUCUMBER WOOD
PUMP, Tasteless, Durable, Ef-
ficient and Cheap. The best
Pump for the least money. At-
tention is especially invited to
Blatchley's Patent Improved
Bracket and new Drop Check
Valve, which can be withdrawn
without removing the Pump or
disturbing the joints. Also, the
Copper Chamber, which never
cracks or scales, and will out-
last any other.
For sale by Dealers & the Trade generally. In-
quire for Blatchley's Pump, and if not for sale in
your town send direct to
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
506 Commerce St., Philadelphia, Pa.
For sale by J. B. FENIMORE & Co.,
Middletown, Del.
mar 21-8m.

J. HERMANN'S
Monumental Marble Works
Corner Delaware and Union Streets,
NEW CASTLE, DEL.
Monuments, Marble and Enameled
Slate Mantels,
Furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms
REFERENCES.
M. M. CLEAVER, PHILIP R. CLARK, ANDREW ELIASON
Sept. 4-1f

S. A. Whitlock & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
HARBERT & RAYMOND'S
Agricultural Implements,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.
may 2-1f.

M. E. DICKSON,
No. 35 1/2 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
SOLID STERLING
Silver and Plated Ware
Suitable for Holiday Presents.
N. B.—Fine selection of 18 Kt. Wedding Rings
on hand.
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles to suit all
ages.
Dec. 10-1f

To the Public.
THE undersigned respectfully informs the cit-
izens of Middletown and vicinity
that he is prepared with excellent
Horses, Wagons and Carts to do all
kinds of hauling at moderate rates. Proprietors
of hotels and housekeepers will find it to their
advantage to give him a call. Coal and lumber
hauled at shortest notice. Orders for baggage
or other parcels, left at the Post Office, will re-
ceive prompt attention.
N. B.—75 Loads of good building Sand for sale.
Jan. 4-ly. **WM. W. WILSON.**
WM. S. RINGGOLD, JOE C. NAUDAIN, M. C. R. DAGHER.
WM. S. RINGGOLD & CO.,
WHOLESALE PRODUCE AND FRUIT
Commission Merchants,
No. 323 South Front Street,
May 9-5m. **PHILADELPHIA.**

G. MAISEL,
TAILOR, (From Paris),
132 1/2 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
may 21-1y

Grain, Lumber, Feed, &c.
A. T. BRADLEY,
WITH
S. A. WHITLOCK & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Middletown, Delaware.

Having rented the storehouse opposite the Na-
tional Hotel, formerly occupied by E. T. Evans
& Co., we intend doing a commission business in
GRAIN OF ALL KINDS,
LAND AND BUILDING LIME,
FERTILIZERS OF ALL KINDS,
Farming Implements of All Kinds.
THE BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR,
FEED, SEEDS & HARDWARE,
COAL OF ALL KINDS.
We shall make it a specialty to get pure Seeds
direct from the grower.
We will take to sell on commission, or we will
consign for any party, any kind of Produce, at a
small per centage.
Cash will be paid for Grain on car, where there
is a large quantity, if the seller should want it.
Goods delivered in town free of charge.
Hoping to share a part of the public patronage
we will try to please all.
S. A. WHITLOCK & CO.,
Opposite National Hotel,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.
mar 21-ly

FOARD & COMEGYS,
Grain Commission Merchants,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Lime, Fertilizers,
COAL.
FLOUR, MEAL, FEED, &c.,
ALSO,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Sole agents for
HAMILTON'S CELEBRATED GRAIN AND
PHOSPHATE DRILL.
Also agents for the
SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO,
Which we can sell on terms to suit the tight-
ness of the times.
All kinds of COAL constantly on hand, and for
sale at the very lowest cash rates.
STANTON MILLS
BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR.

Having opened our new store opposite the Na-
tional Hotel, we will at all times keep on hand a
full supply of the above articles, and hope, by a
strict attention to business, to merit a share of
the public patronage. [Aug 30-ly.
E. T. EVANS & Co.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
COAL, LIME, FLOUR,
FEED, SEEDS,
FERTILIZERS,
Agricultural Implements, &c.
Best Lehigh and Schuylkill anthracite and Cum-
berland bituminous Coals on hand
at all times.
Oct 18-4f.

LUMBER & HARDWARE.
J. B. FENIMORE & CO.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Lumber and Hardware,
BRICKS, LIME, HAIR, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS
MOULDINGS, PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, ETC. ETC.
Constantly on hand all kinds of
Building Material.
January 15-1f

POROUS DRAIN TILE,
Egg Shaped, 2 to 7 inches Calibre.
Round, with Collar, 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 inches Calibre.
Address
W. M. BELL,
SMYRNA, DEL.
apr 18-7m. Successor to Allen & Bell

Phosphates and Manures.
POPULAR PRICES.
\$32
Per Ton.
SUN
GUANO
AND
BONE PHOSPHATE
Per Ton.
\$32
MANUFACTURED BY
WALTON, WHANN & CO.
WILMINGTON, DEL.

In compliance with urgent requests from all parts of the
Peninsula, and in order to accede to the general demand
for a Reliable Fertilizer at a low price, we offer
to the public this new article, and
confidently recommend it to
Farmers, as
THE BEST MANURE FOR ITS PRICE EVER
OFFERED IN THE MARKET.

We wish it to be distinctly understood that the
"SUN GUANO AND BONE PHOSPHATE"
IS NOT prepared according to any empirical receipt which
has been hawked about the country. Its composition is
the result of many experiments and analyses, and is entirely
original with us. It is NOT mixed with sand, dirt, or any
other adulterant, but every article of which it is composed
is in itself a valuable manure, and we are enabled to offer it
at this low price, only because of our unrivaled facilities
in controlling our raw materials. We manufacture our
own Sulphuric Acid; we grind our own Bone, and prepare
our own Ammoniacal matter, and with these unsurpassed
facilities, we claim to be able to produce a better and cheaper
fertilizer than any other concern in the country.

Farmers are earnestly requested to give the "SUN GUANO AND BONE
PHOSPHATE" a trial. It will be furnished at any Station on the Delaware
Rail Road, in lots of Five tons, and upwards, at the uniform price of
\$32 PER TON,
free of freight charges. This remarkably low price places it within the reach
of every farmer.

WALTON, WHANN, & CO.,
Wilmington, Del.
FOR SALE BY
E. T. EVANS & CO., Middletown, Del.
J. C. & H. STOKLEY, Smyrna,
ANDREW WOODALL, Georgetown, Md.,
AND ALL LOCAL DEALERS.

BAHAMA SOLUBLE GUANO,
A FERTILIZER OF HIGH GRADE,
RICH IN SOLUBLE PHOSPHATES AND AMMONIA, AND
ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO SPRING CROPS.

For Corn, Oats, Garden Vegetables, Peach
Trees, and Berries,

This Guano will be found to be Unsurpassed.
FARMERS ARE EARNESTLY REQUESTED TO
GIVE THE BAHAMA SOLUBLE GUANO A TRIAL.
IN ITS EFFECTS ON CROPS,
IT IS FULLY EQUAL TO PERUVIAN GUANO,
WHILE IT LEAVES THE LAND IN A FAR MORE FERTILE CONDITION.

For Sale by
FOARD & COMEGYS, Sole Agents,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

WHITELOCK'S VEGETATOR, **RHODES' AMMONIATED**

Super-Phosphates,
TRADE MARK **JOMOR** MARK.
Recommended and Guaranteed
FOR ALL CROPS.
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers,
J. M. RHODES & CO.,
80 South Street, Baltimore, Md.
Represented by Messrs. FOARD & COMEGYS,
Sole Agents at Middletown, Del. [may 9-3m
A RELIABLE MANURE FOR
Oats, Potatoes, Corn, and Tobacco.
\$50.00 PER TON.
\$4.00 PER BAG OF 160 POUNDS.
We endeavor to prepare the best manure made
in the United States, and as an evidence of our
success, appeal with confidence to all who have
ever used the article on any crop, and ask those
who have not to test its value with a small quan-
tity.
W. WHITELOCK & CO.,
44 South Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
mar 28-3m